

JO Knows GAAP vs. Income Tax Basis for Real Estate Entities

APRIL 3, 2025 | BY: THE REAL ESTATE TEAM



1

When preparing your financial statements, you may have the option to choose between income tax basis accounting or generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This choice is often influenced by the preferences of lenders or investors, but there are instances where one method may better suit your company's needs. Understanding the key differences between these methods is crucial to making an informed decision.

Key Differences Between GAAP and Income Tax Basis:

Topic	GAAP	Income Tax Basis
Depreciation	Depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Real estate assets require impairment assessment.	Depreciated using statutory lives prescribed by the Internal Revenue Code. No impairment assessment required.
Bad Debt Reserves	Can deduct bad-debt reserves.	No deduction for bad-debt reserves. Only specifically identified and written-off accounts are deductible.
Revenue Recognition	Rental revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.	Revenue is recognized as billed, with no adjustment for free or reduced rent periods.
Prepaid Rend	Deferred until the period to which the prepaid rent relates to.	Recognized in the period when received.
Purchase Price Accounting	Purchase price is allocated to tangible and intangible assets based on their relative fair values.	Purchase price is primarily allocated to tangible assets, excluding intangible assets.
Interest Rate Swap	Recognized as an asset or liability at fair value on the balance sheet.	Not required to be recorded at fair value on the balance sheet.

Advantages of GAAP:

- · Provides a standardized framework, enhancing the comparability of financial statements across different entities.
- · Emphasizes accuracy and thorough disclosure, offering a comprehensive picture of a company's financial health.

Advantages of Income Tax Basis:

- · Aligns closely with the actual cash flow of the business, providing a clear view of liquidity and cash management.
- Still provides disclosures related to the financial position of the entity that mirrors GAAP disclosures other than any differences in reporting.
- Simpler to implement and maintain, potentially reducing administrative burdens and costs.

By understanding these differences and benefits, you can select the accounting method that best suits your real estate entity's needs. Our team can help discuss the differences in the reporting to best suit your need and also help with the explanations to the investors or lenders requiring the financials so everyone gets the results they are looking for.

To learn more about Johnson O'Connor's Real Estate services, click here.

RELATED SERVICES

Business & Nonprofit Tax



RELATED INDUSTRIES

Real Estate